Investigation and description of the Verb in the Lemazani dialect

Mohammad Saleh Arzankar

Abstract
Lemazani dialect is a mid-dialect between the one which is spoken in Hormozgan Province and it belongs to the Lârestâni dialect and it is related to the other one which is spoken in Persian Gulf and it belongs to the Bandari dialect. The dialect of this city and Rural District of Mehran belongs to the Lârestâni dialect, and as it is an intact area, many ancient Persian features is dynamic and active in this dialect. One of the most important aspects of research is not only the Lemazani dialect belongs to the ones in the Southern Persian Gulf (Dari Lârestâni) but also the people of this area as the last speakers of Lârestâni dialect are in the direct communication with Bandari speakers. Therefore, the description of grammatical and morphological features of this dialect leads to better understand the dialects of port cities and Hormozgan Province. This research has long used field research to gather data over 10 years. In order to better assess and improve the accuracy of the research, the researcher has used elderly inhabitants, and a number of speaker who were familiar with this dialect to check possible mistake. Finally, the researcher used his linguistic knowledge to analyze data. The final outcome of this study indicates that the usage of some ancient structure, ergative features, distinguished role of stress on inflection of verbs, lack of future tense, using past participle to make continuous tense and also using affixes of ancient Persian are the characteristics of this dialect.

Keywords: Lemazani Dialect, Structure, Inflection, root, affix

1. M.A. in Persian language and literature in Hormozgan University.
Email: arzankar62@yahoo.com

Received: 10/Oct/2017
Accepted: 13/Mar/2018